

Comparative logical models of signaling networks in normal and transformed hepatocytes derived from phosphoproteomic data

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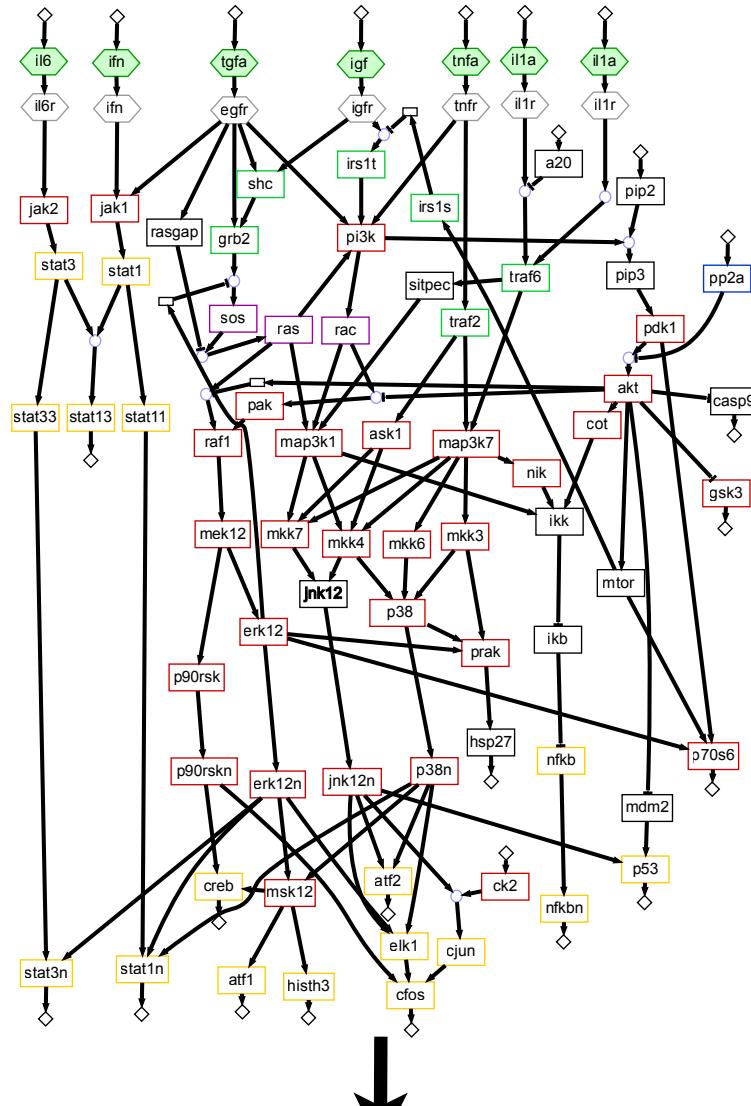


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&
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How is signal processing altered in disease?

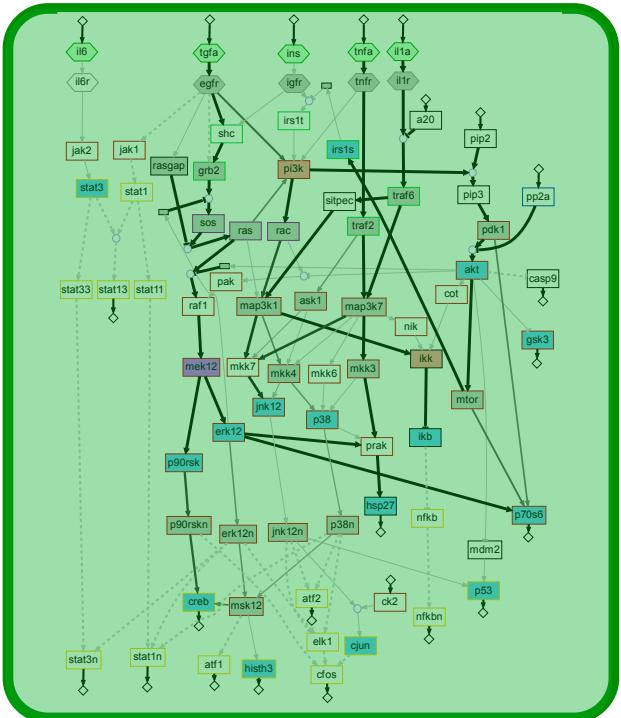


Phenotype

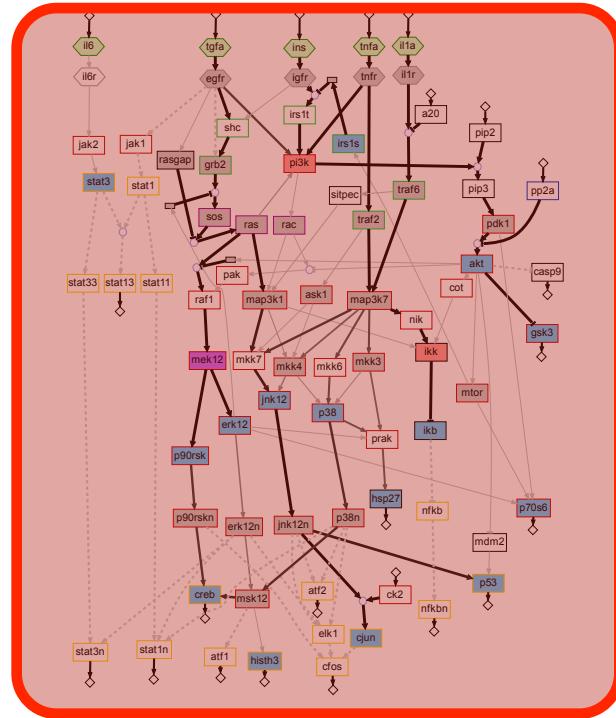


How is signal processing altered in disease?

Normal



Diseased

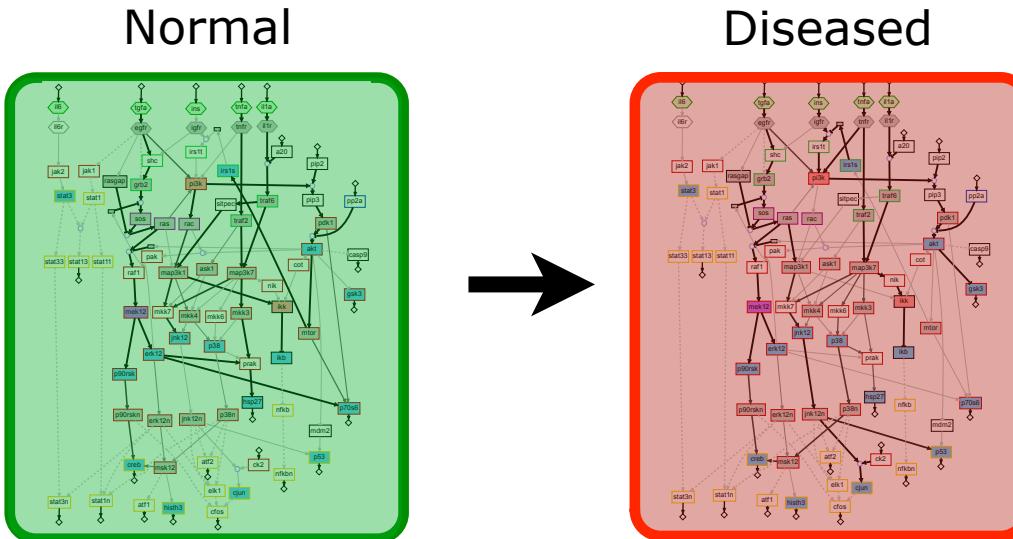




Case study: how is signaling altered in transformed vs normal hepatocytes?

Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC):

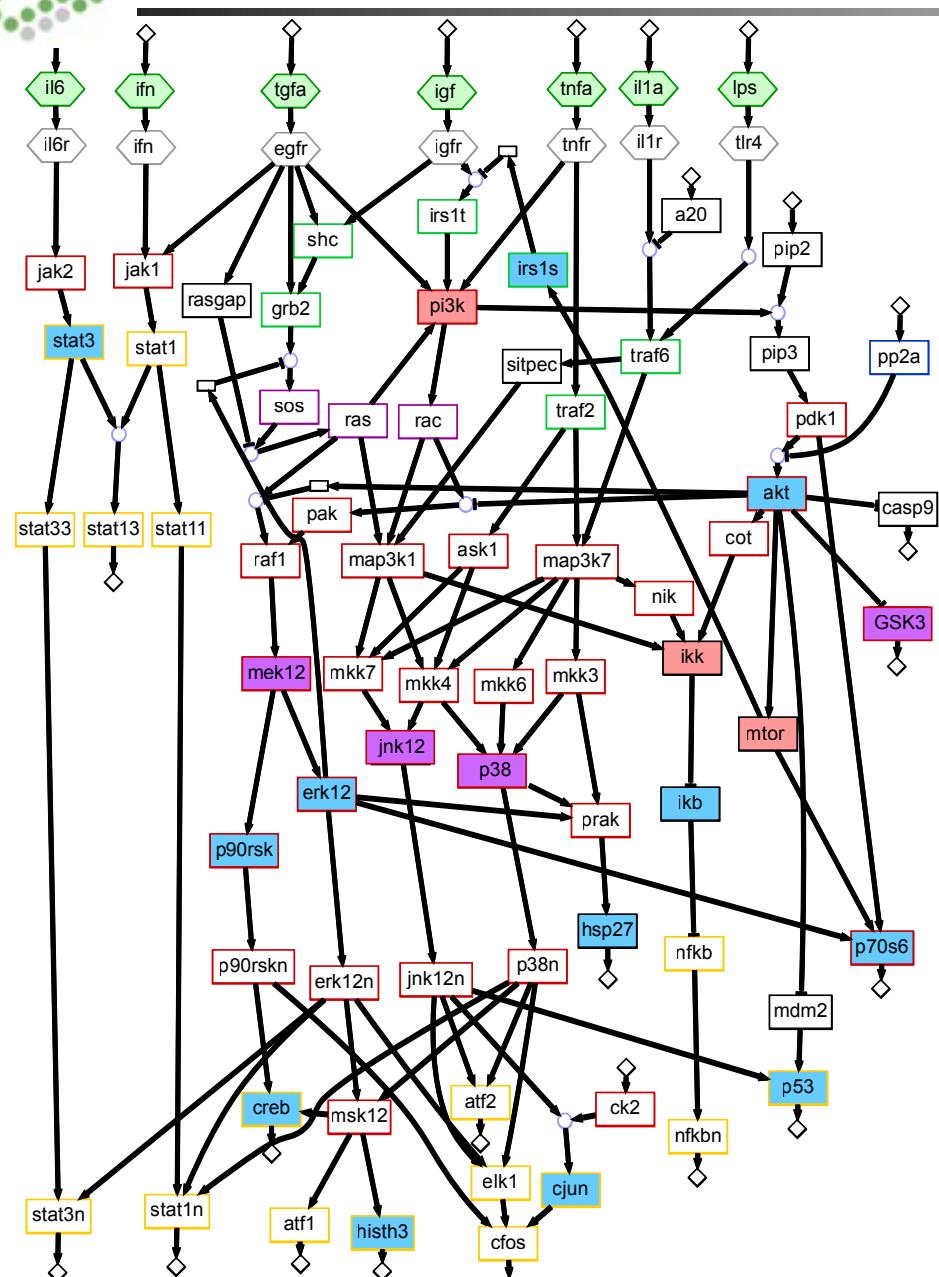
most frequent form of liver cancer, 3rd most lethal cancer



- Chromosomal amplifications/ deletions, mutations, methylation alterations (Llovet and Bruix, 2008)
 - **Heterogenous** gene expression even within adjacent tumor nodes (Lee & Thorgerisson et al. 2005)

Sparse knowledge of functioning and deregulation of signaling in HCC

Design of Cue-Signal-Response experiment for HCC



Construct map of canonical pathways from *Ingenuity* (85 species)

Select

- perturbations

(chemical inhibitors = drugs)
&

- signals (phosphorylations measurable with Luminex/xMAP technology)

as distributed in the network as possible

Stimulus

Perturbation

Readout

Perturb&Read



Design of Cue-Signal-Response experiment for HCC

Performed by Leonidas Alexopoulos

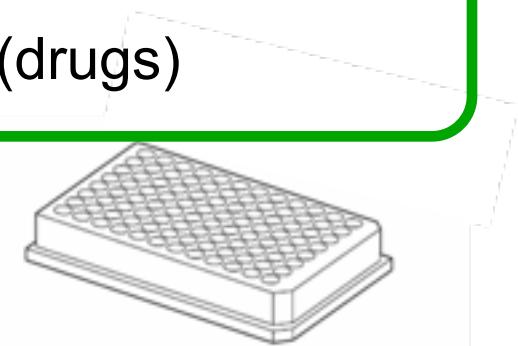
Primary hepatocytes and HCC cell lines

Cue

→ 7 extracellular ligands

→ 7 specific **chemical inhibitors** (drugs)

at different times
after stimulation



Signal

→ **Phosphorylation** of 17 key proteins (30 min, 3h)

Response

→ **Release** of 20 cytokines (3h, 24h)

using Luminex/xMAP
(bead-based ELISA)

Cue-Signal-Response Compendium of 26,000 measurements

How can we handle this data?

Cue-Signal-Response Compendium of 26,000 measurements



THE FAST TRACK TO MODEL TRAINING!

Flexible Informatics for Linking Experimental Data to Mathematical Models

Saez-Rodriguez J, Goldsipe A, Muhlich J, Alexopoulos A, Millard B, Lauffenburger DA, Sorger PK, *Bioinformatics*, 24:6, 2008.

- Maintains data provenance
 - Modular (easy to expand)

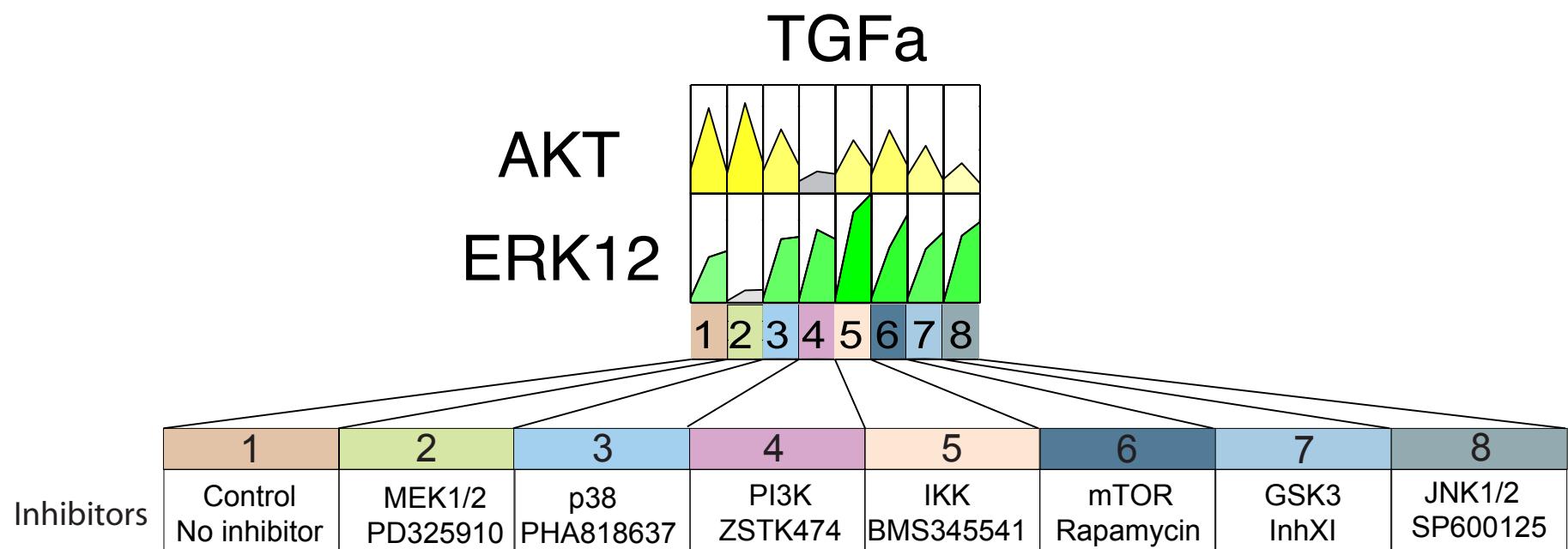
Open-source MATLAB Toolbox Script & User Interface

Available at

<http://code.google.com/p/sbpipeline/>



Visualization of large data sets



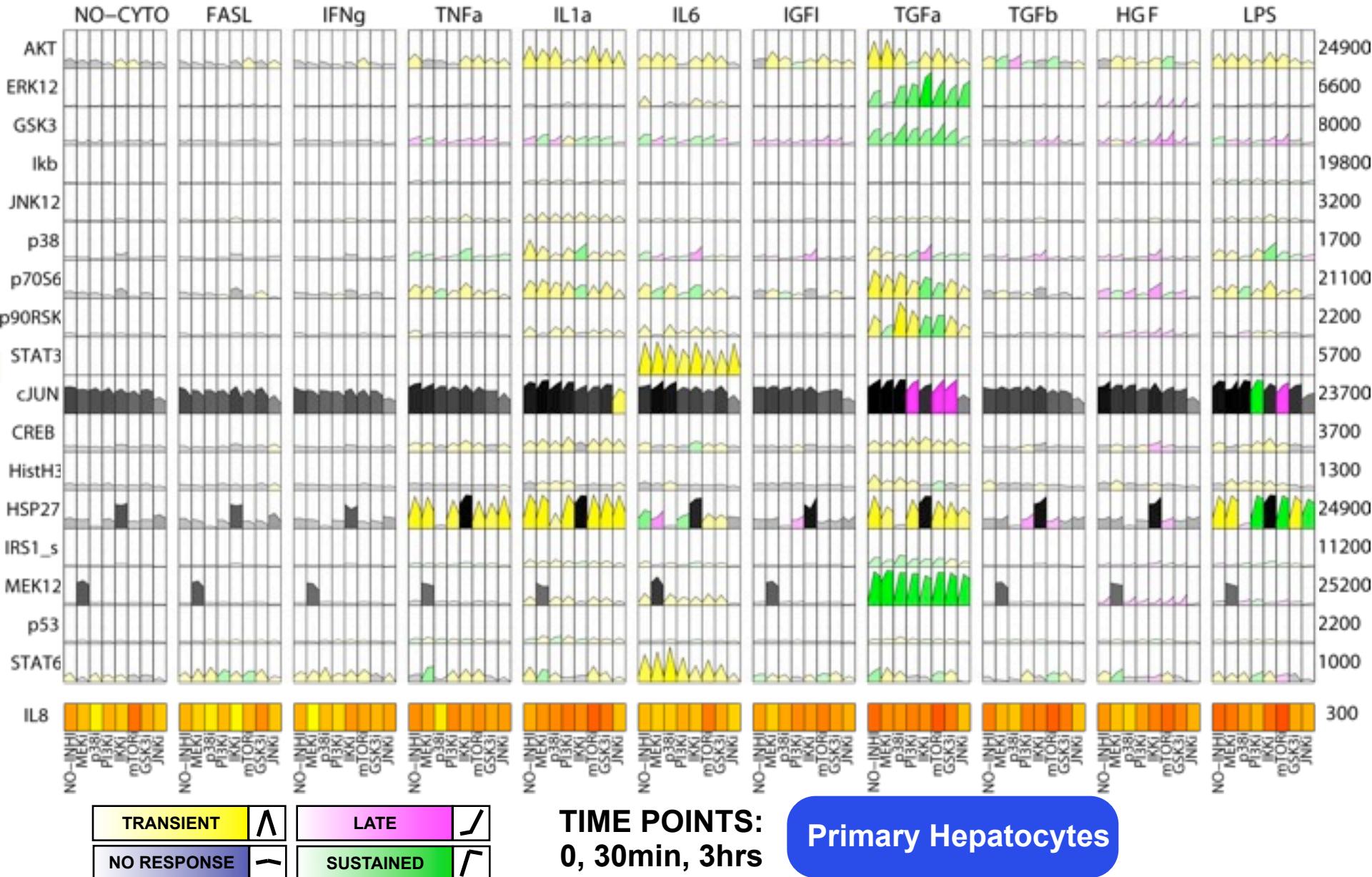
TRANSIENT	/
LATE	/
NO RESPONSE	-
SUSTAINED	/

TIME POINTS:
0, 30min, 3hrs

Primary Hepatocytes

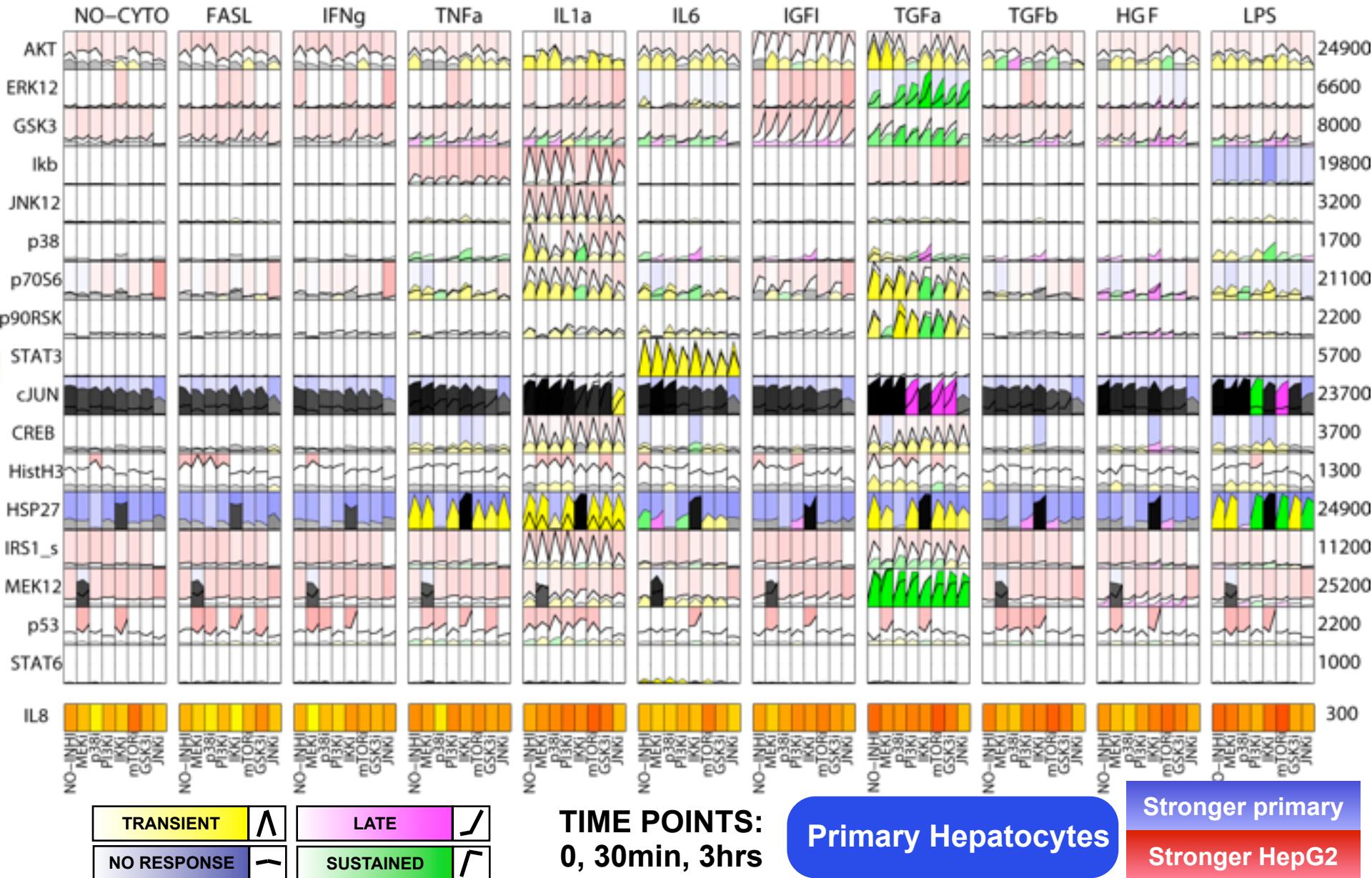


Visualization of large data sets





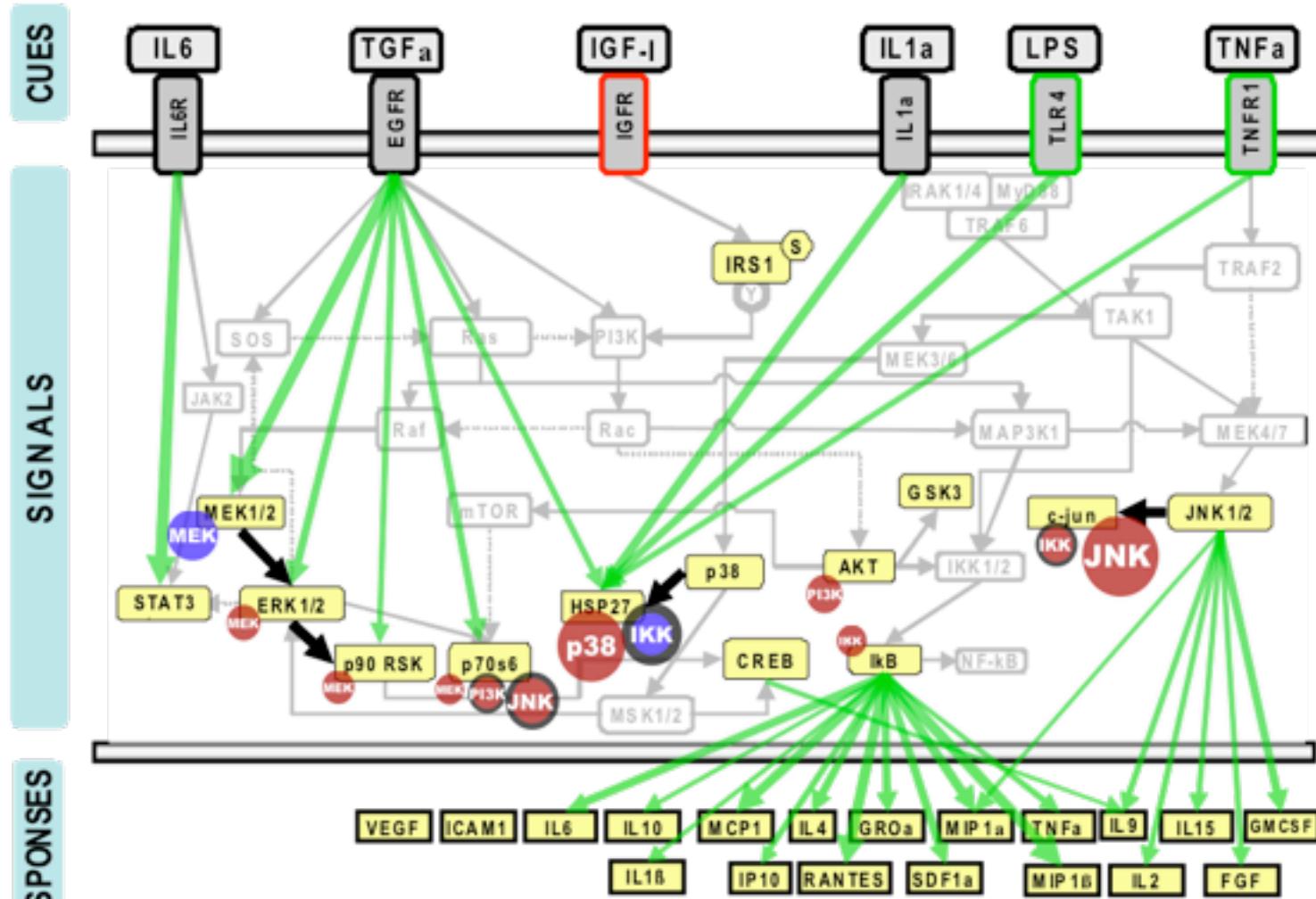
Visualization of large data sets





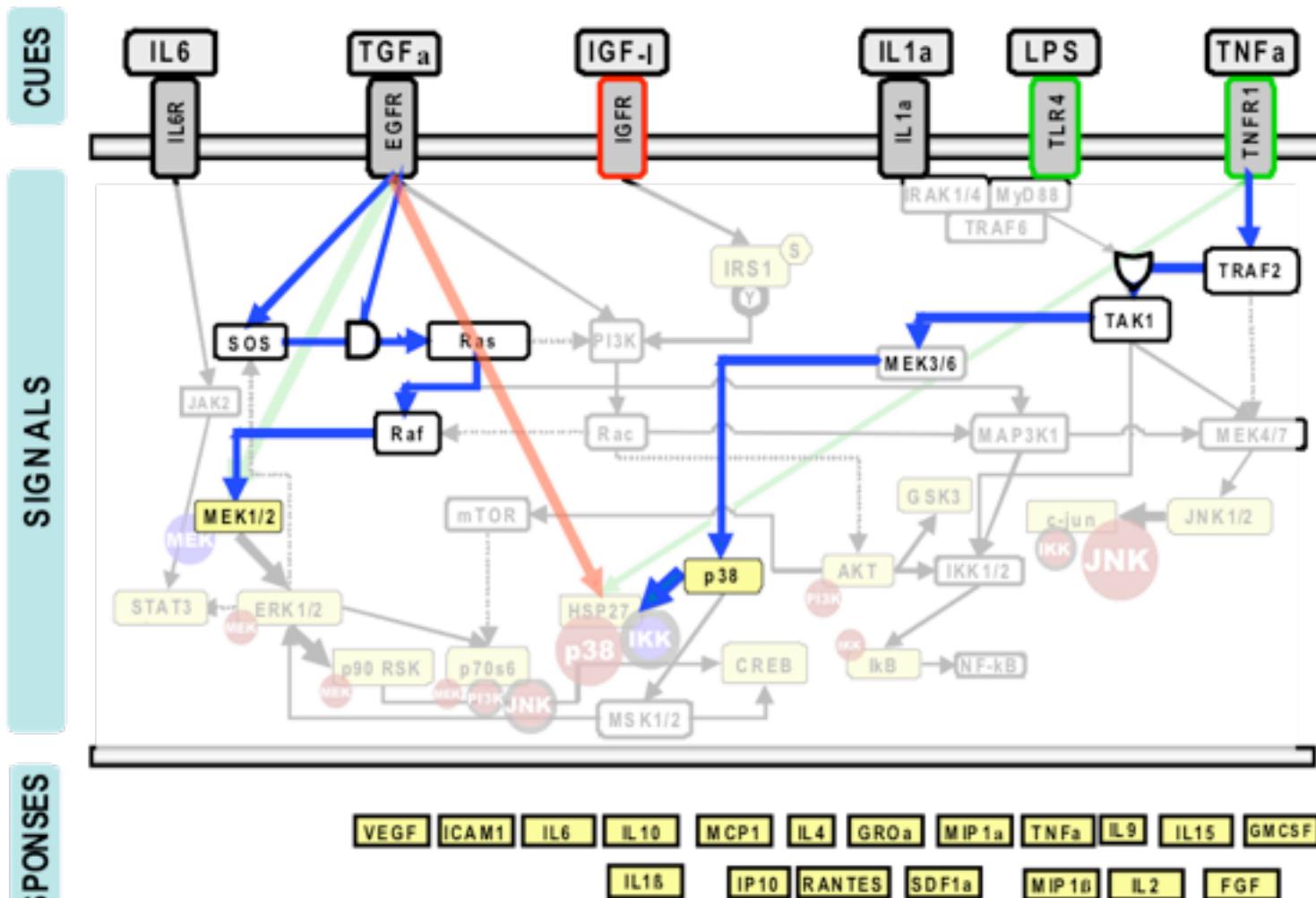
**Data-driven approaches useful but
(in our case) provide limited mechanistic insight**

Multiple Regression



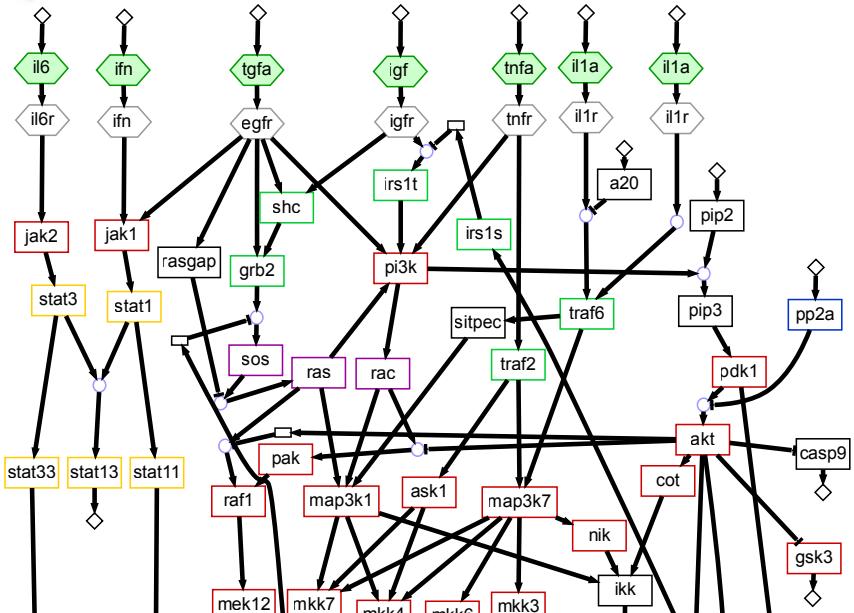


Data-driven approaches useful but
(in our case) provide limited mechanistic insight





Signaling pathway maps summarize literature knowledge

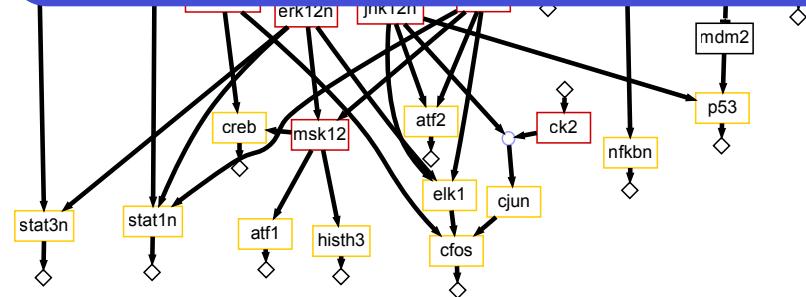


Pathway maps widespread and very **useful** but

- **Pictures not computable** models to study signal processing

- **Not cell-type specific**

How can we link pathway maps to signaling data to create cell specific models?





Challenges to link pathway maps to data of signal transduction

- Make **maps executable** (models) so that experiments can be simulated
 - ⇒ Transform into **Boolean** (0/1) logic (AND/OR) models ✓
- Define **metric** to **evaluate** models given the data
 - ⇒ Balance fit to data with model size ✓
- Develop a framework to **explore** models & **identify best**
 - ⇒ (i) Compress map
 - (ii) Construct an 'scaffold' with all possible models (all gates) compatible with map
 - (iii) find model with optimal metric (train) ✓



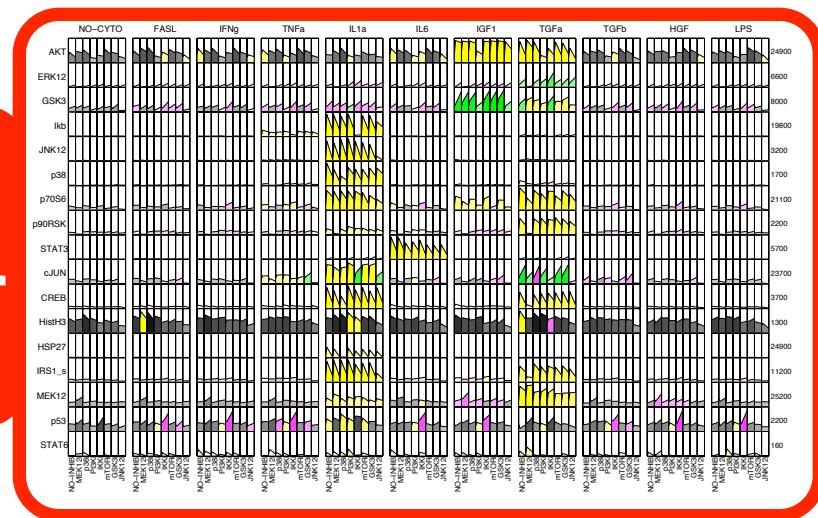
Challenges to link pathway maps to data of signal transduction

- ***CellNetOptimizer***
- Matlab toolbox, script & user interface
freely available at
<http://www.cdpcenter.org/resources/software/cellnetoptimizer/>

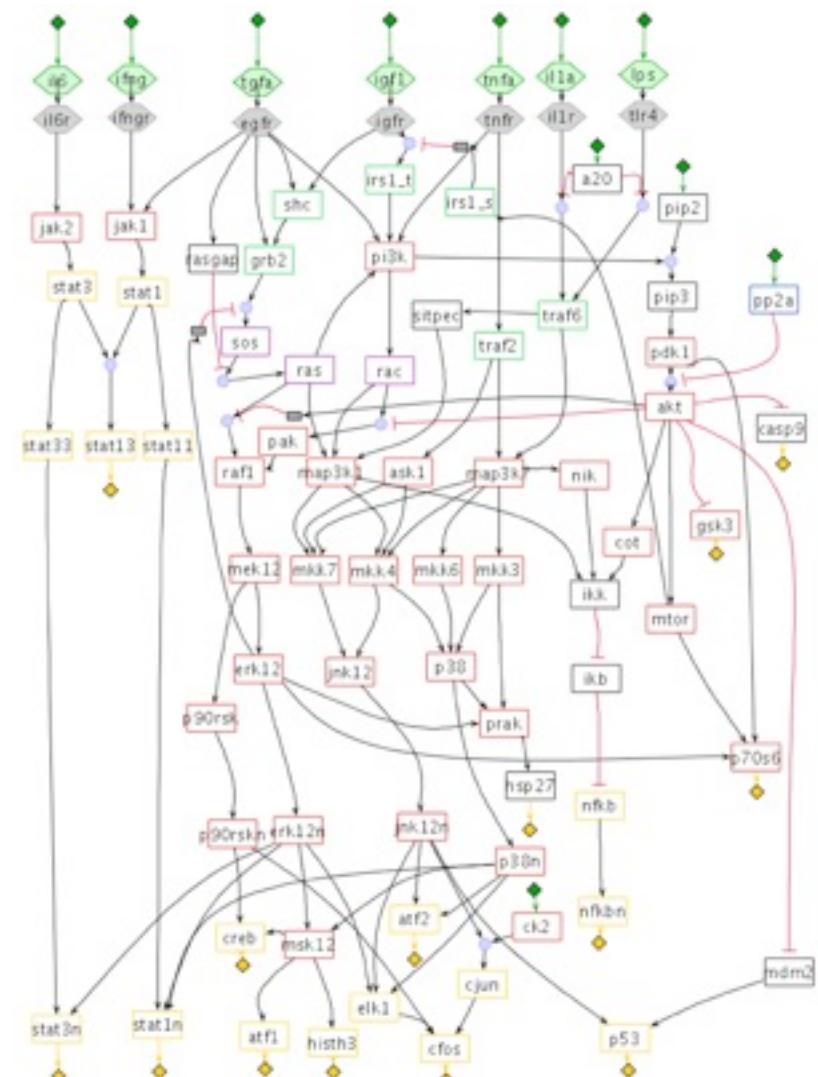


Application to signaling in primary vs. transformed hepatocytes

Data



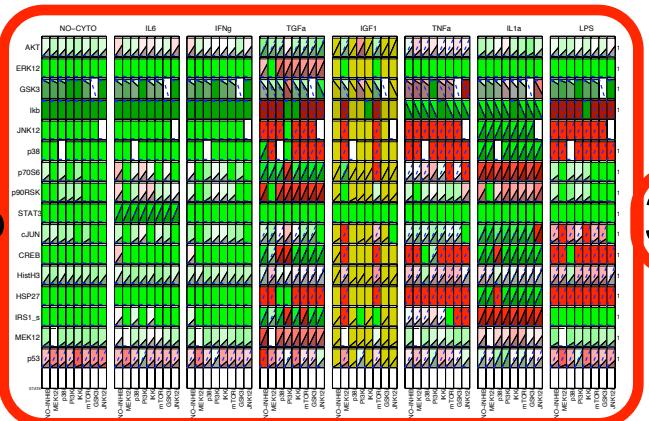
Map





Model trained to HepG2 data

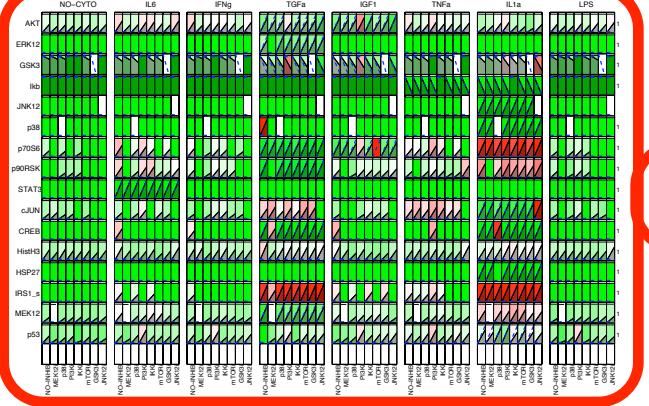
Starting model



Error

34.3%

Trained model



8.1%

Kept

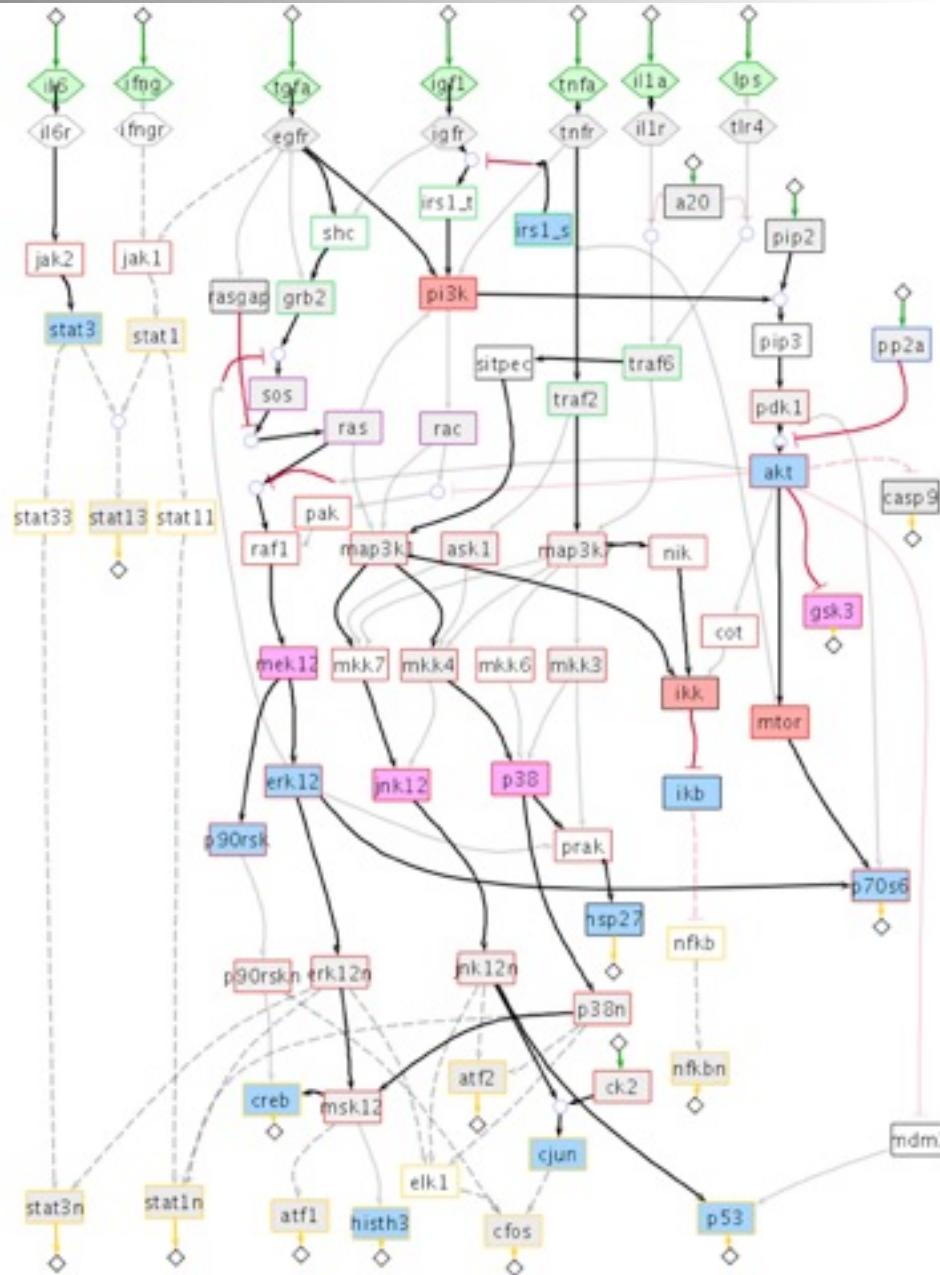
Removed
→
No effect
- - - →

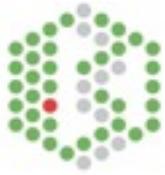
Stimulus

Perturbation

Readout

Perturb&Read





Summary

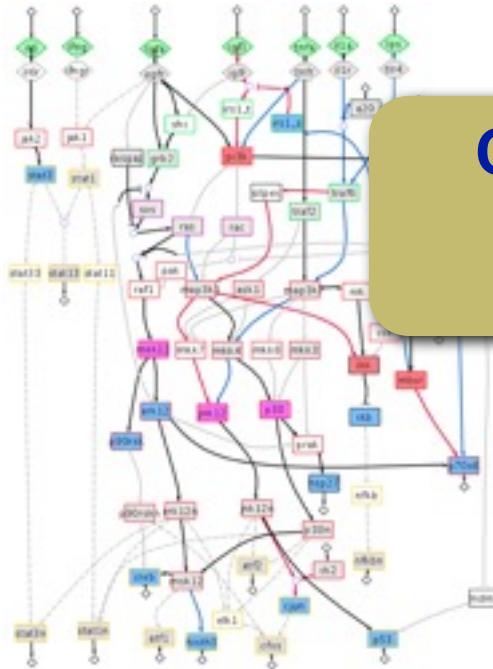


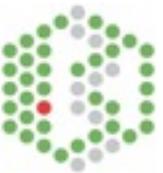
Data

CellNet
Optimizer

Maps

Computable Model
specific to data
(cell/conditions)





Summary

- Pathway **maps** are **not specific**
- **Models** trained to data are much **sparser** and **predictive**
- It is possible to
 - Construct models **specific** for **cell types**
 - **Cluster** cell types based on pathways models
 - Pinpoint specific **differences** between **normal** and **diseased** cells
 - Obtain insight on **off-target** effects of **drugs**



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